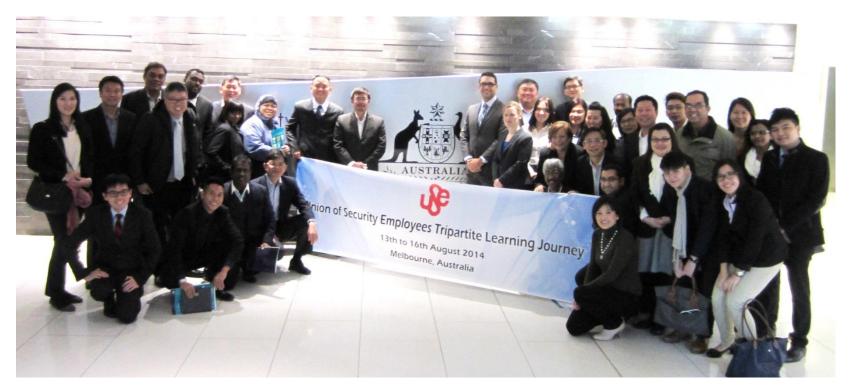


# **Union of Security Employees**

### **USETLJ – Melbourne**

13 – 16 August 2014



# Wage setting in Australia

Individual arrangements

can't undermine awards/NMW/collective agreement.

#### **Collective bargaining**

at the enterprise level – covers around 42% of workers.

#### Awards

minimum wages and conditions by industry.

#### **National Minimum Wage**

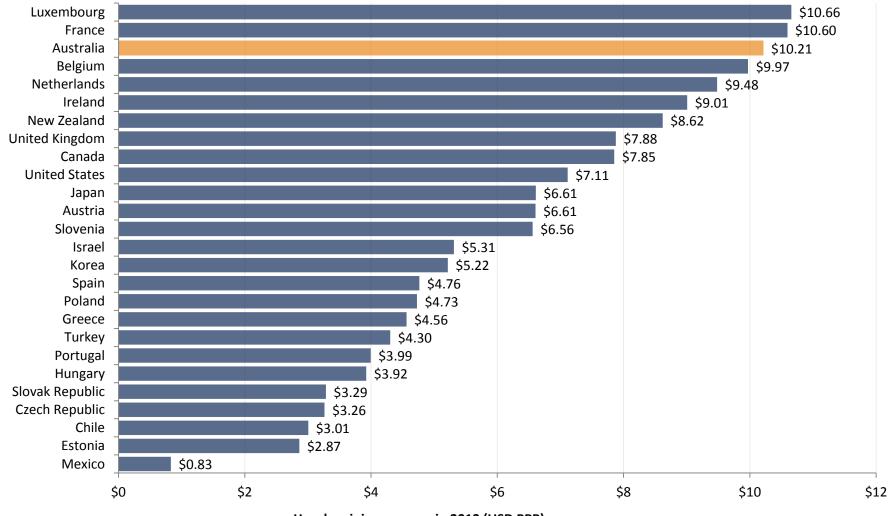
for adults. AU\$16.87 per hour, AU\$640.90 per week.

#### Lower minimum wages

for young people, some people with disability, apprentices and trainees.



# Australian minimum wage in context



Hourly minimum wage in 2013 (USD PPP)



# Australia's Safety Net has Three Components:

National Employment Standards National Minimum Wage

Modern Awards

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# Safety net – Three Components

1. The National Employment Standards (NES) provide ten legislated employment conditions covering essential conditions:

- Maximum weekly hours (38 Hours per week)
- Requests for flexible working arrangements
- Parental leave and related entitlements
- Annual leave; Personal/ careers leave and compassionate leave;
  Community service leave; Long service leave
- Public holidays
- Notice of termination and redundancy pay
- Provision of a Fair Work Information Statement

# Safety net – Three Components

- 2. The National Minimum Wage
- Provides a minimum wage for Award/ Agreement-free employees
- About 1.1% of the workforce are on the National Minimum Wage
- Current National Minimum Wage is AUD\$16.87/hour (\$640.90/ week)
- It is just about half of the full-time median earnings
- It is reviewed every year by the Commission and takes effect on 1 July

# Safety net – Three Components

#### 3. Modern Awards

- 122 Awards operate nationally across industries
- Currently covers around 16% of the workforce
- Those earning > AUD\$133,000 p.a. are free to agree on terms of employment without reference to Award (NES still apply)
- Awards reviewed every four years the first four yearly review commenced this year (2014)



# Security Services -Full Time and Part Time 1 July 2014

Classification	Minimum Hourly Rate (AUD)	Saturday - ordinary time (AUD)	Sunday - ordinary time (AUD)	Public holiday (AUD)
Security officer level 1	\$18.95	\$28.43	\$37.90	\$47.38
Security officer level 2	\$19.49	\$29.24	\$38.98	\$48.73
Security officer level 3	\$19.82	\$29.74	\$39.65	\$49.56
Security officer level 4	\$20.16	\$30.23	\$40.31	\$50.39
Security officer level 5	\$20.81	\$31.21	\$41.61	\$52.01



### Security Modern Awards Classification

4: Control room operator. Control & alter intelligent building systems. Co-ordinate, monitor and record activies of security officers.

5: Team Leader

3: Control movement and stock using computers, manipulate computer programs, operate building operation systems under supervision. Complex data entry.

2: Respond to alarm signals. Vehicle patrols. Monitor and respond to electronic intrusion detection. Monitor and act upon screening devices at airports. Operate public weighbridge. Record and report security incidents on a computer. Basic data input only. Patrol guards.

 Watch, guard, protect. Basic crowd control. Basic entry/exit access control. Basic electronic equipment with basic controls. Does not input data. Provide safety induction to the site. Static guard.

# Enforcement

Dedicated labour inspectorate protected by law – the Fair Work Ombudsman (FWO)

Ombudsman has the power to inspect pay records

Can and does take employers to court – they can be fined & ordered to back pay

Also has an advisory and education role

Unions play a role in enforcement



# Wage Setting Impacts To Sector

Minimum wages still considered insufficient

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No agreement on "living wage" – how much is enough
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Short-term gains (unions' position) vs long term sustainability and profitability (company's argument)

Minimum wage demands increase wage costs  $\rightarrow$  Off-shoring of labour intensive operations (e.g. car manufacturing – Toyota, Holden, Ford)



# Impact of Wage Awards In Sector

PROS	CONS
Provides consistency in skills, job scope and wage	Need service buyers' support
Level playing field	Increased cost of labour
Better conditions for employees	Buyer agreements not BSI but hard to change
Allows employees and employers to have a common basis for discussion	



# **Union Perspective**

Australian Council of Trade Unions (ACTU) – National Centre United Voice – Union for Security Officers

#### **ISSUE 1**

Increasing wages and professionalising the industry

- 1. Industrial Award and Collective Bargaining
- Industrial Award has 5 Tier Structure for SOs: skill, job scope and salary
- SO can contact FWO or the Union if they feel they are paid unfairly
- Additional allowances for OT, meals and specialised skills training, e.g. First Aid
- Casual workers get 25% more (to cover loss of other benefits)
- Wage reviews are done annually
- Ave of 38 working hours per week (12hrs shift common), 4-5 days/week
- SOs generally earn 5% > Cleaners
- Union targeted top 4 major Security Agencies for CA (MSS, Wilson, ISS & G4S)



## **Union Perspective**

Australian Council of Trade Unions (ACTU) – National Centre United Voice –Union for Security Officers

- 2. "Safeguard" brand Professional Security is an Investment
- Security Agency can use this "Safeguard" stamp only if they sign CA
- Union invested resources and effort to market and educate buyers
- The "Safeguard" SO sees Security as a profession, earns higher wages
- Buyer willing to pay premium
- Retention of SO in "Safeguard" SA higher

## **Employer Perspective**

Australian Chamber of Commerce and Industry – Employer Union MSS Security – Security agency

#### **ISSUE 1**

Minimum Wage

- Lack of flexibility (e.g. even in bad market conditions, have to wait for the annual review)
- High MW affects investment, Australia's competitiveness
- Add-on cost (e.g. OT @ 2 x wage on weekends) is a major concern.



### **Employer Perspective**

Australian Chamber of Commerce and Industry – Employer Union MSS Security – Security agency

#### **ISSUE 2**

Increasing labour cost

- Current Govt is not pro-labour, so industry has to respond on their own, e.g.
  productivity drive/schemes
- Transfer cost to clients in new contracts
- Some buyers reduce guards on weekend or negotiate roster cycle working arrangements (ie work 5 days, rest 2 days)



Fair Work Commission (FWC) – National workplace relations tribunal Fair Work Ombudsman (FWO) – Independent statutory agency Department of Employment – MOM equivalent

#### **ISSUE 1**

Enterprise Award (single enterprise; industry wide; greenfield similar to pioneer industries arrangement in Singapore)

- Companies' responsibility to inform the employees on content of agreement
- The company and union will both administer the agreement
- Company cannot pass off conditions already stated in industrial award as a CA term (Better Off Overall Test – BOOT)



Fair Work Commission (FWC) – National workplace relations tribunal Fair Work Ombudsman (FWO) – Independent statutory agency Department of Employment – MOM equivalent

#### **ISSUE 2**

Minimum wages

- Lowering MW does not increase employment (ie unemployed stay unemployed)
- Evidence does not suggest that wages correspond with the competitiveness of the country

Fair Work Commission (FWC) – National workplace relations tribunal Fair Work Ombudsman (FWO) – Independent statutory agency Department of Employment – MOM equivalent

#### **ISSUE 3**

Implementation of Security Industry Award

#### RESPONSE

- Onus on SAs to ensure SO has adequate qualifications
- The award specifies the skills required but not the route to achieve those skills
- The wage distribution between the bands are narrow to allow progression
- 5 levels negotiated and agreed to by SAs and unions.
- FWC need to take into account the opinion and direction of national government and the state government



Fair Work Commission (FWC) – National workplace relations tribunal Fair Work Ombudsman (FWO) – Independent statutory agency Department of Employment – MOM equivalent

**ISSUE 4** 

FWO enforcement issues

- Responsibility is on the company to keep to the law or CA
- Some SAs cut costs by paying SO less than MW (willing buyer, willing seller)
- FWO investigates both service buyers and SAs when complaints received
- FWO can and have taken them to court
- Many violations are a result of ignorance and misunderstanding



Fair Work Commission (FWC) – National workplace relations tribunal Fair Work Ombudsman (FWO) – Independent statutory agency Department of Employment – MOM equivalent

#### **ISSUE 5**

Outsourced industry issues

- FWO conduct random auditing checks
- FWO ran educational campaign (via media) targeted at Service Providers & Buyers
- FWO ensures that all the entitlements are given to worker in full before end of contract (ie end of employer-employee relationship)