

# UNDEREMPLOYMENT in Singapore

## How do we identify underemployment?

As underemployment is too complex to measure with a single indicator, the research study considered multiple indicators:

- Education** — Degree holder and above
- Employment Status and Time-based** — Full-time work
- Salary** — Less than S\$2,000

## FINDINGS

1 Unique characteristics that are mutually exclusive: **Female, no children, employed at businesses that serve mainly the domestic market.**



2 The underemployed expressed that there is **inadequate recognition of skills** at the workplace.

“Employers recognised educational qualifications more than skills.”



3 Underemployment is **NOT by choice**, it is by **circumstances** triggered by physical disability and pain that affected work.



**53%** affected by physical pain

**43%** inability to climb stairs

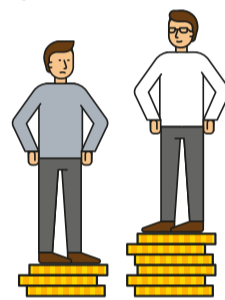


4 Underemployment is seen in these sectors:



## KEY CHALLENGES

**Underpayment**  
Pay is less than other people with the same qualifications



**Status discrepancy**  
Status is lower than deserve



**Inadequate retirement savings**



**Insufficient earnings for daily expenses**



**Lower income security**



**Lower job security**



Despite their predicament, they have a remarkably **positive attitude and resilience.**  
Over **75%** want to re-skill, up-skill and deep skill

## HOW UNIONS CAN HELP



1. Support for stronger recognition of skills by employers and greater awareness on the areas to upskill.

2. Facilitate programmes that can help these individuals:

- Cope with work and health issues
- Scope their skills profile – purpose-driven upskilling with a clear target job, and life coaching
- Access this preferred occupation

FULL REPORT | [http://bit.ly/\\_Underemployment](http://bit.ly/_Underemployment)